PROPOSED FOOD AND BEVERAGE TAX REFERENDUM



How is tax imposed?

- ✓ Any County authorized to levy 4% tax under Code of Va.
- ✓ Will be voted on in general election November 4
- ✓ Will yield potentially \$2.2 million in revenue annually
- ✓ One penny on real estate tax rates yields \$1.2 million so it is almost two cents on the real estate tax rate.

What is its purpose?

✓ Construction, renovation and maintenance of capital projects—including schools (Over \$280 million in projects requested in next 10 years)

To what products is it applied?

- ✓ A tax on prepared food and beverages (ready to eat)
- ✓ Not a tax on groceries
- ✓ Includes alcoholic and non-alcoholic beverages—but not factory sealed items in bottles and cans.

What effect would it have on the average resident?

- ✓ On a \$5 fast food meal, tax = 20 cents
- ✓ On a \$50 meal at a nice restaurant = \$2.00
- ✓ Other localities with meals tax: Warrenton, Manassas, Manassas Park, Albemarle, Rappahannock, King George, Madison, Orange, Spotsylvania, Stafford, Leesburg. Up for referendum this year: Loudoun, Culpeper

Why should it be considered at this time?

- ✓ Diversify tax base by not just relying on real estate—shift some burden to tourists, visitors and commuters.
- ✓ Declining state and federal revenues; increasing mandates.
- ✓ Additional revenue will be used to fund the County's capital improvement program.

What capital projects would it be applied to?

- ✓ New elementary school (South)
- ✓ Land purchase new middle school
- ✓ New Baltimore Library
- ✓ Southern Community Sports Complex/Pool
- ✓ Northern Community Pool
- ✓ Transportation Complex
- ✓ County and School Office Space
- ✓ Renovations to Fauquier High, Taylor Middle, Warrenton Middle Schools

Fauguier County Board of Supervisors Final—10/14/08

FOOD AND BEVERAGE TAX REFERENDUM: FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS



Public Forums on Food and Beverage Tax

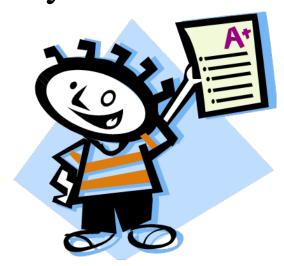
- Monday, September 22 6:30 p.m. Marshall
 Middle School
- □ Thursday, October 02 6:30 p.m. Fauquier High School
- □ Tuesday, October 14 6:30 p.m. Liberty High School

How is the tax imposed?

- 1¢
- □ Counties may levy up to 4% tax under Virginia law
- □ To be voted on in public referendum during November 4 election
- □ \$2.2 million in revenue annually
- □ (Each time the real estate tax is raised one cent, the resulting revenue is \$1.2 million. So, a meals tax yields about the equivalent of raising the real estate tax 2 cents.)

What would the tax money be used for?

- □ Construction, renovation and maintenance of capital projects—including schools
- □ Adopted CIP projects over \$280 million in projects requested in next 10 years



To what kind of items would the tax apply?

- □ Prepared food and beverages (ready-to-eat)
- NOT groceries
- □ Includes alcoholic and non-alcoholic beverages served with a meal.
- Not applicable in Town of Warrenton,Remington or The Plains

Examples

- □ A tax on the sale of prepared food and beverages at restaurants, lunchrooms, cafeterias, coffee shops, cafes, taverns, delis, push cart operations and hot dog stands.
- ☐ Grocery and convenience stores only collect the tax on ready to eat foods—such as the deli or salad bar.
- □ Does not apply to vending machines

What effect would the tax have on an average resident?

- □ On a \$5 "fast food" meal, tax would be 20 cents
- □ On a \$50 meal at a "nice restaurant", tax would be \$2.00



Other localities charging food and beverage tax

- □ Town of Warrenton
- □ City of Manassas
- □ City of Manassas Park
- □ City of Fredericksburg
- □ Albemarle County
- □ Rappahannock County
- King George County

Other localities charging tax (continued)

- Madison County
- Orange County
- Alleghany County
- □ Spotsylvania County
- □ Stafford County
- Warren County
- Town of Leesburg

Other localities charging tax (continued)

- □ Loudoun County: Referendum in November
- □ Culpeper County: Referendum in November



Who will pay the meals tax?

- Commuters, travelers and tourists who pass through Fauquier County on a daily basis on Routes 66, 29 and 17.
- County residents who choose to dine out.



Commuters and Travelers per Day (Courtesy VDOT)

1-66 to Warrenton	9,707

- □ Opal to Stafford County Line 18,845
- □ Paris (Rte. 50) to I-66 7,628
- □ Prince Wm. Co. Line to Warrenton 47,250
- □ Warrenton/Route 17 45,219
- □ 17 to Culpeper Co. Line <u>26,927</u>



Why should voters consider the tax now?

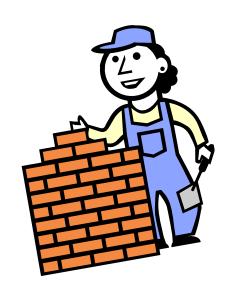
- □ Diversify County's tax base by not just relying on raising the real estate tax
- □ Shift some of the burden to tourists, visitors and commuters
- □ Declining state and federal revenues, increased mandates

What is the difference between a general tax and a use tax?

- □ If the County chose to gain additional revenue by increasing the real estate tax, this would apply to all landowning County residents, regardless of their ability to pay
- ☐ If the County imposed a meals tax, it would apply to tourists, commuters and travelers, as well as residents who choose to dine out.

What capital projects would the tax be applied to? (Adopted CIP 2009-2017

- **□** Elementary School #12 (South)
- □ Renovations Fauquier HS, Taylor/Warrenton MS
- □ Land Purchase New Middle School
- New Baltimore Library
- **□** Southern Complex/Community Pool
- Northern Community Pool
- □ Transportation Complex
- **□** County and School Office Space



COMMUNITY ENDORSEMENTS

- □ Fauquier County Chamber of Commerce
- □ Fauquier County Farm Bureau

QUESTIONS/COMMENTS

